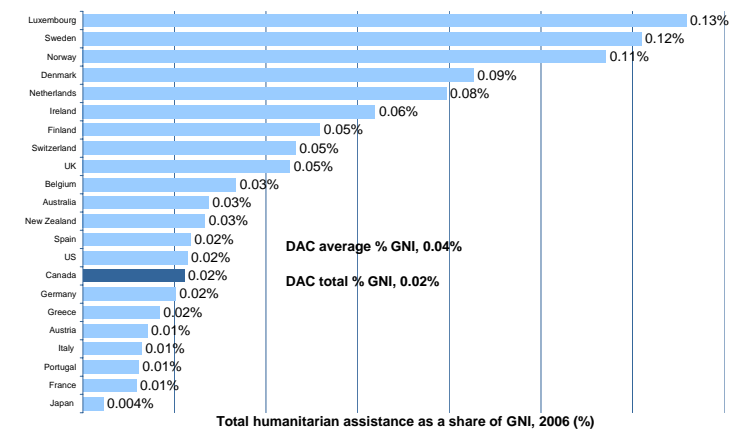
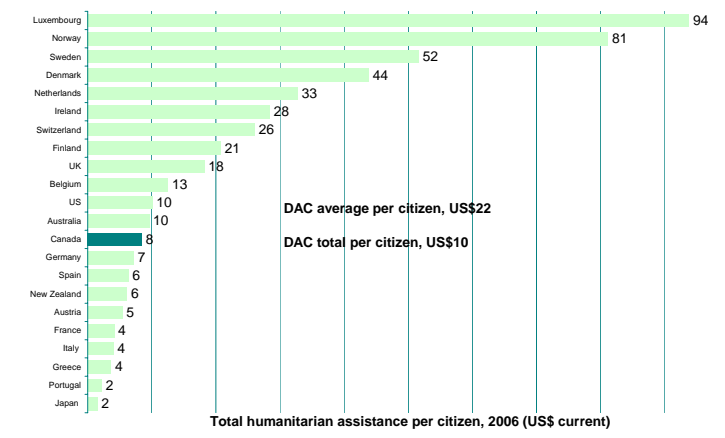


## How generous are the DAC donor contributions to humanitarian assistance?

Canada was the 8<sup>th</sup> largest donor of total official humanitarian assistance in 2006 in terms of **absolute volume** and the 13<sup>th</sup> largest in terms of **per citizen** contribution. In terms of **generosity** – measured as a share of GNI – Canada ranked 15<sup>th</sup> in 2006.

The average DAC donor total official humanitarian assistance contribution in 2006 was **US\$388 million** – or **US\$22 per citizen**. On average, total official humanitarian assistance was 0.04% of GNI.

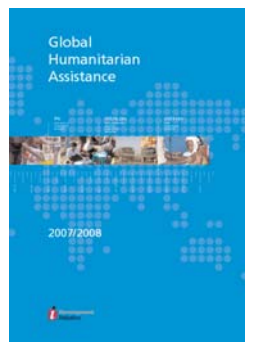


| 2006               | ODA              |              |             | Humanitarian assistance |             |              | Rank  |             |      | Humanitarian assistance |              |            | UN CAP appeals |            |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------|-------------|------|-------------------------|--------------|------------|----------------|------------|
|                    | Total (m)        | Per citizen  | %GNI        | Total (m)               | Per citizen | % GNI        | Total | Per citizen | %GNI | % ODA                   | Multilat (%) | Bilat (%)  | Total (m)      | % total HA |
| Australia          | \$2,123          | \$104        | 0.3%        | \$197                   | \$10        | 0.03%        | 13    | 12          | 11   | 9%                      | 3%           | 97%        | \$87           | 44%        |
| Austria            | \$1,498          | \$181        | 0.5%        | \$45                    | \$5         | 0.01%        | 18    | 17          | 18   | 3%                      | 62%          | 38%        | \$5            | 12%        |
| Belgium            | \$1,978          | \$188        | 0.5%        | \$132                   | \$13        | 0.03%        | 15    | 10          | 10   | 7%                      | 35%          | 65%        | \$65           | 49%        |
| Canada             | \$3,684          | \$113        | 0.3%        | \$278                   | \$8         | 0.02%        | 8     | 13          | 15   | 8%                      | 17%          | 83%        | \$246          | 89%        |
| Denmark            | \$2,236          | \$410        | 0.8%        | \$239                   | \$44        | 0.09%        | 10    | 4           | 4    | 11%                     | 37%          | 63%        | \$197          | 82%        |
| Finland            | \$834            | \$159        | 0.4%        | \$109                   | \$21        | 0.05%        | 17    | 8           | 7    | 13%                     | 36%          | 64%        | \$73           | 67%        |
| France             | \$10,601         | \$167        | 0.5%        | \$263                   | \$4         | 0.01%        | 9     | 18          | 21   | 2%                      | 82%          | 18%        | \$118          | 45%        |
| Germany            | \$10,435         | \$127        | 0.4%        | \$594                   | \$7         | 0.02%        | 3     | 14          | 16   | 6%                      | 40%          | 60%        | \$186          | 31%        |
| Greece             | \$424            | \$38         | 0.2%        | \$41                    | \$4         | 0.02%        | 20    | 20          | 17   | 10%                     | 53%          | 47%        | \$5            | 11%        |
| Ireland            | \$1,022          | \$241        | 0.5%        | \$121                   | \$28        | 0.06%        | 16    | 6           | 6    | 12%                     | 28%          | 72%        | \$133          | 100%       |
| Italy              | \$3,641          | \$62         | 0.2%        | \$237                   | \$4         | 0.01%        | 11    | 19          | 19   | 7%                      | 69%          | 31%        | \$104          | 44%        |
| Japan              | \$11,187         | \$88         | 0.2%        | \$199                   | \$2         | 0.00%        | 12    | 22          | 22   | 2%                      | 8%           | 92%        | \$168          | 85%        |
| Luxembourg         | \$291            | \$632        | 0.9%        | \$43                    | \$94        | 0.13%        | 19    | 1           | 1    | 15%                     | 14%          | 86%        | \$33           | 76%        |
| Netherlands        | \$5,452          | \$333        | 0.8%        | \$537                   | \$33        | 0.08%        | 4     | 5           | 5    | 10%                     | 26%          | 74%        | \$339          | 63%        |
| New Zealand        | \$259            | \$62         | 0.3%        | \$26                    | \$6         | 0.03%        | 21    | 16          | 12   | 10%                     | 17%          | 83%        | \$5            | 20%        |
| Norway             | \$2,954          | \$631        | 0.9%        | \$380                   | \$81        | 0.11%        | 6     | 2           | 3    | 13%                     | 19%          | 81%        | \$402          | 100%       |
| Portugal           | \$396            | \$38         | 0.2%        | \$23                    | \$2         | 0.01%        | 22    | 21          | 20   | 6%                      | 69%          | 31%        | \$6            | 25%        |
| Spain              | \$3,814          | \$85         | 0.3%        | \$285                   | \$6         | 0.02%        | 7     | 15          | 13   | 7%                      | 52%          | 48%        | \$68           | 24%        |
| Sweden             | \$3,955          | \$434        | 1.0%        | \$470                   | \$52        | 0.12%        | 5     | 3           | 2    | 12%                     | 37%          | 63%        | \$360          | 77%        |
| Switzerland        | \$1,646          | \$220        | 0.4%        | \$196                   | \$26        | 0.05%        | 14    | 7           | 8    | 12%                     | 10%          | 90%        | \$264          | 100%       |
| UK                 | \$12,459         | \$207        | 0.5%        | \$1,096                 | \$18        | 0.05%        | 2     | 9           | 9    | 9%                      | 24%          | 76%        | \$469          | 43%        |
| US                 | \$23,532         | \$79         | 0.2%        | \$3,022                 | \$10        | 0.02%        | 1     | 11          | 14   | 13%                     | 0%           | 100%       | \$1,916        | 63%        |
| <b>DAC total</b>   | <b>\$104,421</b> | <b>\$118</b> | <b>0.3%</b> | <b>\$8,531</b>          | <b>\$10</b> | <b>0.02%</b> | -     | -           | -    | <b>8%</b>               | <b>21%</b>   | <b>79%</b> | <b>\$5,251</b> | <b>62%</b> |
| <b>DAC average</b> | <b>\$4,746</b>   | <b>\$209</b> | <b>0.5%</b> | <b>\$388</b>            | <b>\$22</b> | <b>0.04%</b> | -     | -           | -    | <b>9%</b>               | <b>33%</b>   | <b>67%</b> | <b>\$239</b>   | <b>57%</b> |

This donor profile was produced by Development Initiatives as part of the Global Humanitarian Assistance (GHA) project, which is funded by: the Canadian Development Agency (CIDA), Humanitarian Assistance, Peace and Security Division; the Danish Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Department of Humanitarian Assistance and NGO Co-operation; the Ministerie van Buitenlandse Zaken, the Netherlands, Humanitarian Aid Division; the Swedish International Development Co-operation Agency (SIDA), Division for Humanitarian Assistance and Conflict Management; and the UK Department for International Development (DFID), Conflict, Humanitarian and Security Department (CHASE).

Data was provided by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) DAC (including www.oecd.org/dac/stats/dac/reftables database) and OCHA's financial tracking system (FTS).

For further GHA information, updates and reports, please contact Development Initiatives or visit: [globalhumanitarianassistance.org](http://globalhumanitarianassistance.org)  
DAC donor profiles for 2006 are available for download, together with accompanying Excel data files.



## Global Humanitarian Assistance

**CA\$128**  
What each Canadian citizen contributed in ODA in 2006

**CA\$10**  
What each citizen contributed in humanitarian assistance

**40%**  
The increase in Canada's total humanitarian assistance volume since 1995

**8%**  
Canada's total humanitarian assistance as a share of ODA

**Policy**  
Plans and reviews

## humanitarian donor profile

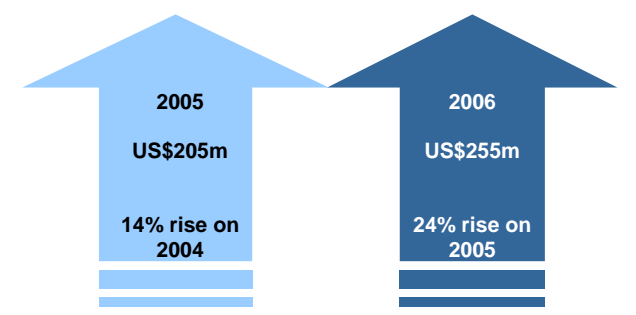
# Canada

April 2008

In 2006, Canada's per citizen contribution to **official development assistance (ODA)** was US\$113 (CA\$128). As a whole, the 22 donor countries of the Development Assistance Committee (DAC) gave US\$118 per citizen. [More »](#)

In 2006, Canada's per citizen contribution to **total official humanitarian assistance** was US\$8 (CA\$10). This compares with US\$10 per citizen for all DAC countries combined. [More »](#)

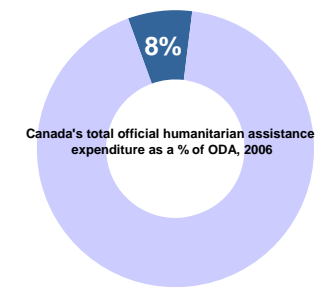
Canada managed to sustain a further increase in total official humanitarian assistance expenditure in 2006 (24%), having grown by 14% the previous year. Since 1995, the country's official humanitarian assistance expenditure has increased by 40%.



Canada's total official humanitarian assistance (constant 2005 prices)

[More »](#)

In 2006, Canada spent US\$278 million (CA\$315million) on total official humanitarian assistance. This was 8% of the country's US\$3.9 billion (CA\$4.2 billion) spend on ODA.



[More »](#)

Canada is one of six DAC donor countries to have a domestic implementation plan. The other countries are: Denmark; Ireland; the Netherlands; Sweden; and the UK.

Canada's humanitarian assistance plan was peer reviewed in October 2007.

# Canada's humanitarian assistance

## How much does Canada spend on total official humanitarian assistance?

Canada spent US\$278 million (CA\$315 million) on total official humanitarian assistance in 2006 – its highest contribution since 1995 and a 24% rise on 2005 levels.

Canada was one of only nine DAC countries to have sustained growth in official humanitarian assistance expenditure in 2006.

The country's official humanitarian assistance expenditure has fluctuated over the last 12 years, rising by US\$70 million – or 40% over the period. This equates to compound annual growth of 48%.

*In 2006, the total official humanitarian assistance of the DAC donor countries amounted to US\$8.5 billion. This is US\$806 million (9%) less than in 2005. However, the donor countries are contributing US\$3.4 billion (70.2%) more than in 1995. This equates to compound annual growth of 110%.*

Canada's total ODA was US\$3684 million (CA\$4179 million) in 2006 – total official humanitarian assistance accounted for 8% of this amount.

Canada's ODA is 0.3% of its gross national income (GNI). Its total official humanitarian assistance is 0.02% of GNI.

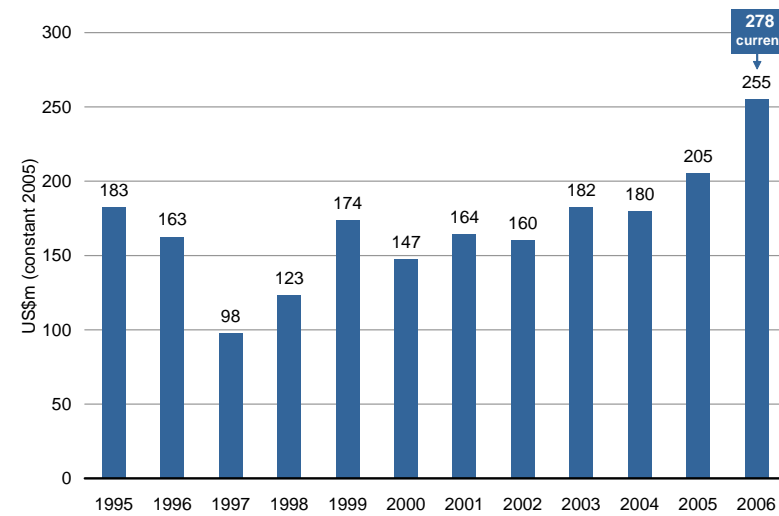
*In 2006, the ODA of the 22 DAC donor countries amounted to US\$104 billion – or 0.3% of their combined GNI. Donors collectively spent 8% of their total ODA on total official humanitarian assistance that year – or 0.02% of their combined GNI.*

## How much is given as completely unearmarked funding to multilateral organisations?

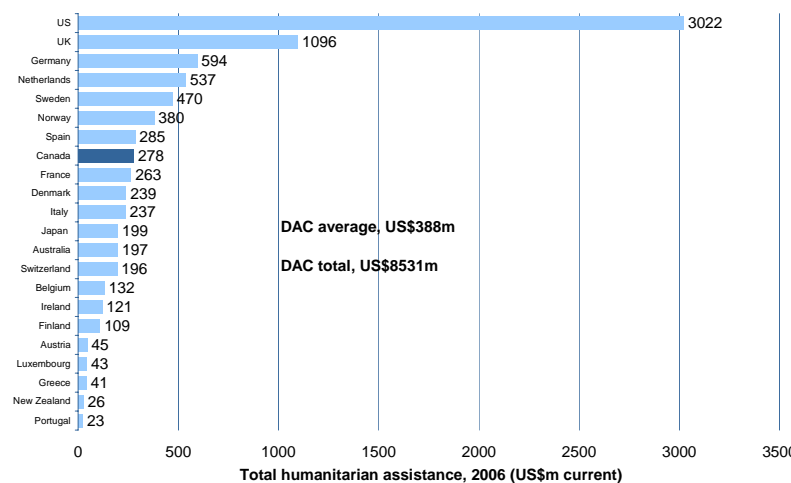
In 2006, Canada spent US\$43 million of its total official humanitarian assistance multilaterally (as defined by the DAC). This means that 16% of its official humanitarian assistance was spent in unearmarked funding through the WFP, UNHCR and UNWRA.

*20% of the DAC donors' joint total official humanitarian assistance was spent via multilateral channels in 2006. 12% of it was unearmarked and channelled via the EC. A further 8% was unearmarked and channelled through the WFP, UNHCR and UNWRA.*

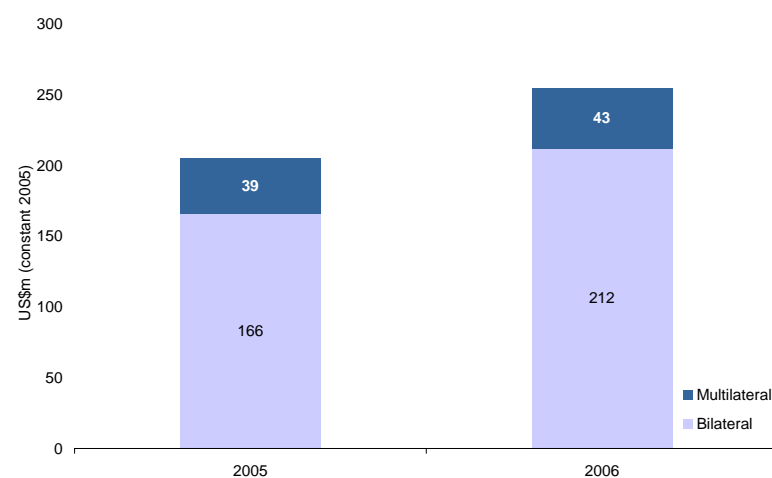
Canada spent US\$278m (CA\$315m) on total official humanitarian assistance in 2006



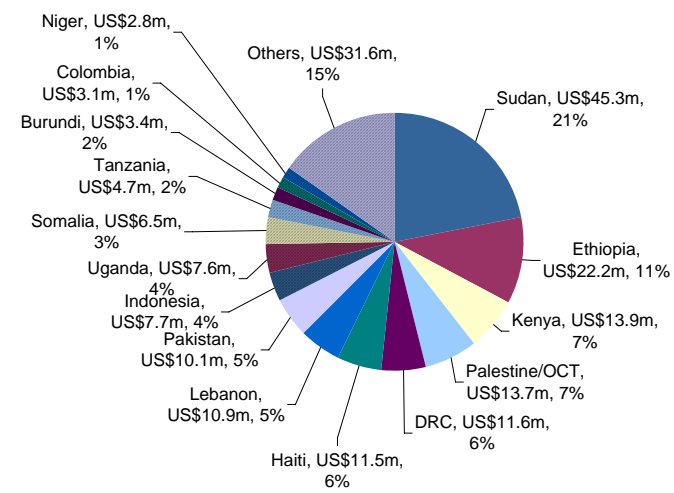
Canada's total official humanitarian assistance in 2006 represented 3% of the collective DAC donor country total



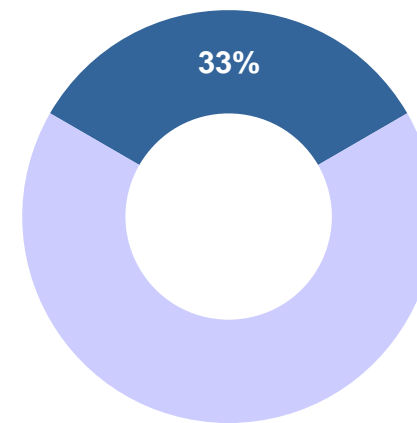
Canada's bilateral official humanitarian assistance grew by 28% and its multilateral assistance by 9% in 2006



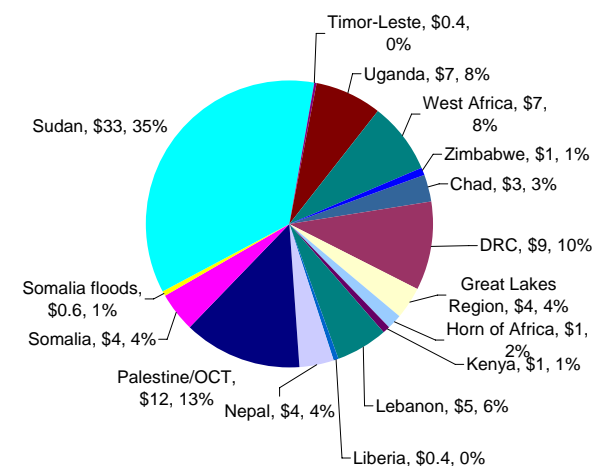
39% of Canada's bilateral humanitarian assistance went to three countries in 2006



33% of Canada's official humanitarian assistance was allocated to priority projects within the UN CAP



In 2006, Canada supported 16 of the 22 UN CAP appeals



## Where does Canada spend its bilateral humanitarian assistance?

Canada reported US\$206.3 million in official humanitarian assistance to 96 countries in 2006.

Together, the top three recipients – Sudan, Ethiopia and Kenya – received US\$81.4 million (39%) of the country's bilateral humanitarian assistance. A further 12 countries received a total of US\$93.4 million, accounting for 45% of the total. This means that the remaining US\$31.6 million (15%) was distributed between 81 countries.

*In 2006, the top three recipients of bilateral assistance from DAC countries were Sudan (US\$1.1 billion), Pakistan (US\$321 million) and DRC (US\$299 million). This represented 34% of their joint bilateral assistance.*

## How much is spent through the UN consolidated appeal process (CAP)?

Canada reported US\$246 million through the UN financial tracking system (FTS) in 2006, which represents 89% of its total official humanitarian assistance expenditure that year.

Canada allocated US\$93 million to priority projects within the CAP appeal. This represents a 33% share of its total official humanitarian assistance.

*The 22 DAC donor countries contributed US\$5.3 billion to the 22 UN CAP appeals that ran during 2006. This represents 62% of their total official humanitarian assistance for the year. 23% of total official humanitarian assistance was for priority projects within the CAP.*

In 2006, the top three CAP appeal countries supported by Canada were Sudan (US\$33 million), Palestine/OCT (US\$12 million) and DRC (US\$9 million).

*In 2006, the top three CAP appeal requirements were for Sudan (US\$1.6 billion), DRC (US\$696 million) and Zimbabwe (US\$426 million). These three appeals were underfunded by 34%, 49% and 36% respectively. By way of comparison, the appeals for Lebanon, Kenya and Timor-Leste received 23%, 5% and 3% more funding respectively than had been requested.*

