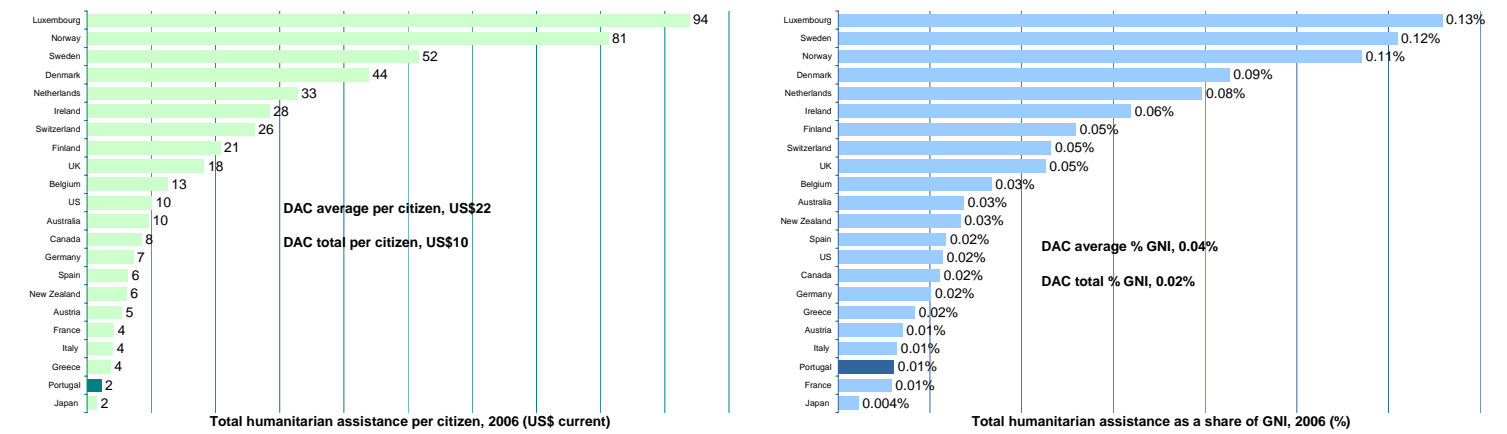


## How generous are the DAC donor contributions to humanitarian assistance?

Portugal was the smallest donor of total official humanitarian assistance in 2006 in terms of **absolute volume** and the second smallest in terms of **per citizen** contribution. It ranked third smallest in terms of **generosity**, when measured as a share of GNI.

The average DAC donor total official humanitarian assistance contribution in 2006 was **US\$388 million** – or **US\$22 per citizen**. On average, total official humanitarian assistance was **0.04% of GNI**.



## Global Humanitarian Assistance

**€31**  
What each Portuguese citizen contributed in ODA in 2006

**€1.8**  
What each citizen contributed in humanitarian assistance

# humanitarian donor profile

## Portugal

April 2008

In 2006, Portugal's per citizen contribution to **official development assistance (ODA)** was **US\$38 (€31)**. As a whole, the 22 donor countries of the Development Assistance Committee (DAC) gave **US\$118 per citizen**. [More »](#)

In 2006, Portugal's per citizen contribution to **total official humanitarian assistance expenditure** was **US\$2 (€1.8)**. This compares with **US\$10 per citizen** for all DAC countries combined. [More »](#)

2006	ODA			Humanitarian assistance				Humanitarian assistance			UN CAP appeals	
	Total (m)	Per citizen	%GNI	Total (m)	Per citizen	% GNI	Rank	Total	Per citizen	%GNI	Total (m)	% total HA
Australia	\$2,123	\$104	0.3%	\$197	\$10	0.03%	13	12	11	9%	\$87	44%
Austria	\$1,498	\$181	0.5%	\$45	\$5	0.01%	18	17	18	3%	\$5	12%
Belgium	\$1,978	\$188	0.5%	\$132	\$13	0.03%	15	10	10	7%	\$65	49%
Canada	\$3,684	\$113	0.3%	\$278	\$8	0.02%	8	13	15	8%	\$246	89%
Denmark	\$2,236	\$410	0.8%	\$239	\$44	0.09%	10	4	4	11%	\$197	82%
Finland	\$834	\$159	0.4%	\$109	\$21	0.05%	17	8	7	13%	\$73	67%
France	\$10,601	\$167	0.5%	\$263	\$4	0.01%	9	18	21	2%	\$118	45%
Germany	\$10,435	\$127	0.4%	\$594	\$7	0.02%	3	14	16	6%	\$186	31%
Greece	\$424	\$38	0.2%	\$41	\$4	0.02%	20	20	17	10%	\$5	11%
Ireland	\$1,022	\$241	0.5%	\$121	\$28	0.06%	16	6	6	12%	\$133	100%
Italy	\$3,641	\$62	0.2%	\$237	\$4	0.01%	11	19	19	7%	\$104	44%
Japan	\$11,187	\$88	0.2%	\$199	\$2	0.00%	12	22	22	2%	\$168	85%
Luxembourg	\$291	\$632	0.9%	\$43	\$94	0.13%	19	1	1	15%	\$33	76%
Netherlands	\$5,452	\$333	0.8%	\$537	\$33	0.08%	4	5	5	10%	\$339	63%
New Zealand	\$259	\$62	0.3%	\$26	\$6	0.03%	21	16	12	10%	\$5	20%
Norway	\$2,954	\$631	0.9%	\$380	\$81	0.11%	6	2	3	13%	\$402	100%
Portugal	\$396	\$38	0.2%	<b>\$23</b>	<b>\$2</b>	<b>0.01%</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>20</b>	6%	\$6	25%
Spain	\$3,814	\$85	0.3%	\$285	\$6	0.02%	7	15	13	7%	\$68	24%
Sweden	\$3,955	\$434	1.0%	\$470	\$52	0.12%	5	3	2	12%	\$360	77%
Switzerland	\$1,646	\$220	0.4%	\$196	\$26	0.05%	14	7	8	12%	\$264	100%
UK	\$12,459	\$207	0.5%	\$1,096	\$18	0.05%	2	9	9	9%	\$469	43%
US	\$23,532	\$79	0.2%	\$3,022	\$10	0.02%	1	11	14	13%	\$1,916	63%
<b>DAC total</b>	<b>\$104,421</b>	<b>\$118</b>	<b>0.3%</b>	<b>\$8,531</b>	<b>\$10</b>	<b>0.02%</b>	-	-	-	<b>8%</b>	<b>\$5,251</b>	<b>62%</b>
<b>DAC average</b>	<b>\$4,746</b>	<b>\$209</b>	<b>0.5%</b>	<b>\$388</b>	<b>\$22</b>	<b>0.04%</b>	-	-	-	<b>9%</b>	<b>\$239</b>	<b>57%</b>

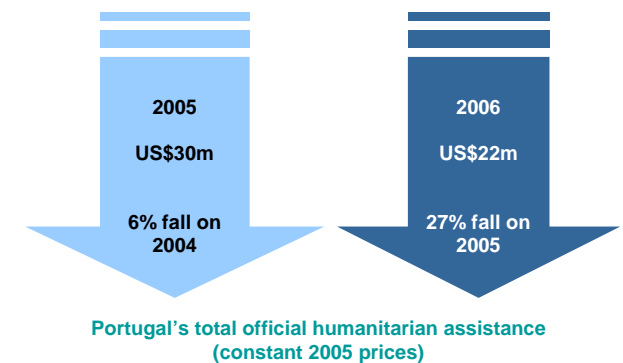
**51%**

The difference between Portugal's total official humanitarian assistance volume in 1995 and 2006

**6%**

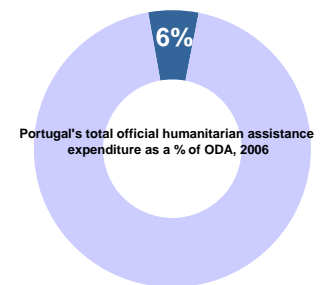
Portugal's total humanitarian assistance as a share of ODA

Portugal's total official humanitarian assistance declined in 2006 for the second consecutive year, following a steep (133%) rise in 2004. Since 1995, the country's official humanitarian assistance expenditure has increased by 51% in absolute terms.



[More »](#)

In 2006, Portugal spent **US\$23 million (€18 million)** on total official humanitarian assistance. This was 7% of the country's **US\$396 million (€316 million)** spend on ODA.



[More »](#)

Portugal's humanitarian assistance plan was peer reviewed in December 2005.

Currently, only six DAC donor countries have domestic implementation plans. They are: Canada; Denmark; Ireland; Sweden; the Netherlands; and the UK.

This donor profile was produced by Development Initiatives as part of the Global Humanitarian Assistance (GHA) project, which is funded by: the Canadian Development Agency (CIDA), Humanitarian Assistance, Peace and Security Division; the Danish Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Department of Humanitarian Assistance and NGO Co-operation; the Ministerie van Buitenlandse Zaken, the Netherlands, Humanitarian Aid Division; the Swedish International Development Co-operation Agency (SIDA), Division for Humanitarian Assistance and Conflict Management; and the UK Department for International Development (DFID), Conflict, Humanitarian and Security Department (CHASE).

Data was provided by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) DAC (including [www.oecd.org/dac/stats/dac/reftables](http://www.oecd.org/dac/stats/dac/reftables) database) and OCHA's financial tracking system (FTS).

For further GHA information, updates and reports, please contact Development Initiatives or visit: [globalhumanitarianassistance.org](http://globalhumanitarianassistance.org)

DAC donor profiles for 2006 are available for download, together with accompanying Excel data files.



**Policy**  
Plans and reviews



29A Broad Street, Wells, Somerset, BA5 2DJ, UK. Tel: +44 1749 671343  
Email: [di@devinit.org](mailto:di@devinit.org) Web: [devinit.org](http://devinit.org)



# Portugal's humanitarian assistance

## How much does Portugal spend on total official humanitarian assistance?

Portugal spent US\$23 million (€18 million) on total official humanitarian assistance in 2006.

Portugal's total official humanitarian assistance declined in 2006 for the second consecutive year, following a steep (133%) rise in 2004. Since 1995, the country's official humanitarian assistance expenditure has increased by 51% in absolute terms. This equates to compound annual growth of 20%.

*In 2006, the total official humanitarian assistance of the DAC donor countries amounted to US\$8.5 billion. This is US\$806 million (9%) less than in 2005. However, the donor countries are contributing US\$3.4 billion (70.2%) more than in 1995. This equates to compound annual growth of 110%.*

Portugal's total ODA was US\$396 million (€316 million) in 2006 – total official humanitarian assistance accounted for 6% of this amount.

Portugal's ODA is 0.2% of its gross national income (GNI). Its total official humanitarian assistance is 0.01% of its GNI.

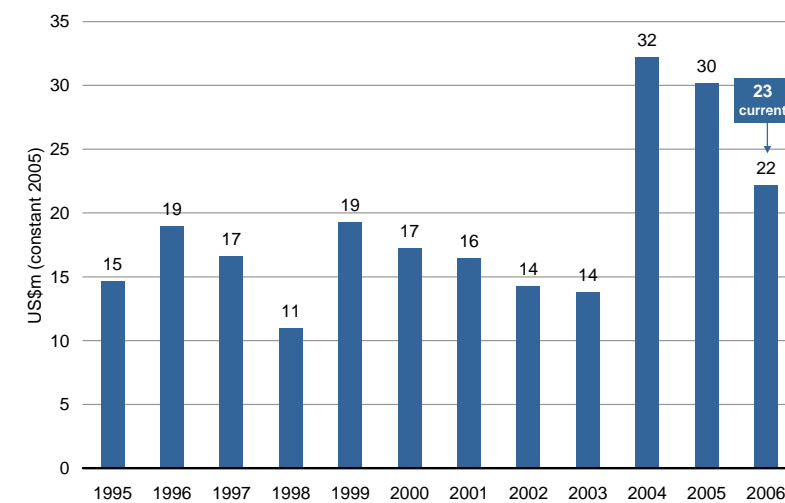
*In 2006, the ODA of the 22 DAC donor countries amounted to US\$104 billion – or 0.3% of their combined GNI. Donors collectively spent 8% of their total ODA on total official humanitarian assistance that year – or 0.02% of their combined GNI.*

## How much is given as completely unearmarked funding to multilateral organisations?

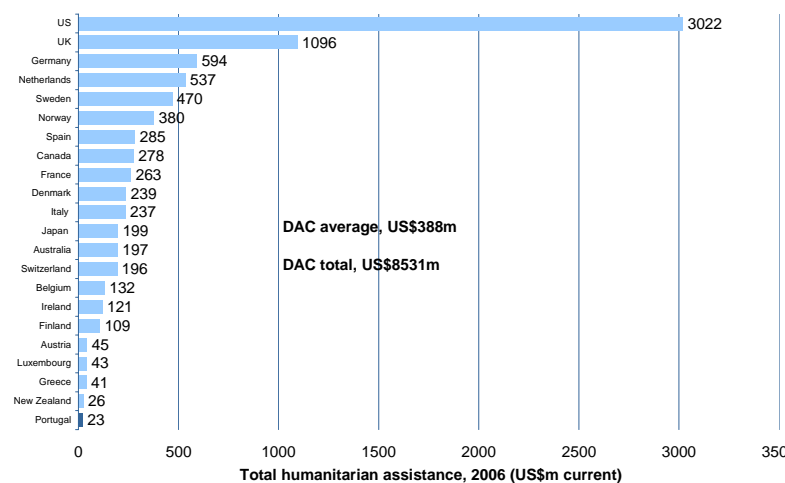
Portugal channelled 68% of its official humanitarian assistance multilaterally (as defined by DAC) in 2006 – 66% as unearmarked funds via the EC and 2% in unearmarked funds via the UN agencies.

*20% of the DAC donors' joint total official humanitarian assistance was spent via multilateral channels in 2006. 12% of it was unearmarked and channelled via the EC. A further 8% was unearmarked and channelled through the WFP, UNHCR and UNWRA.*

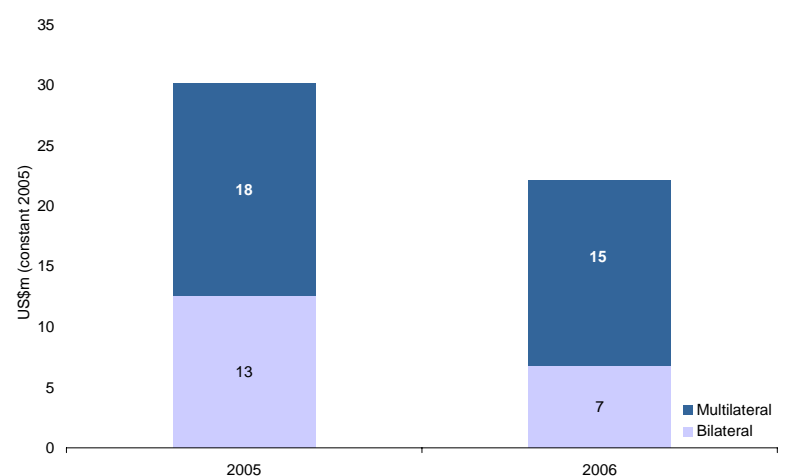
## Portugal spent US\$23m (€18 m) on total official humanitarian assistance in 2006



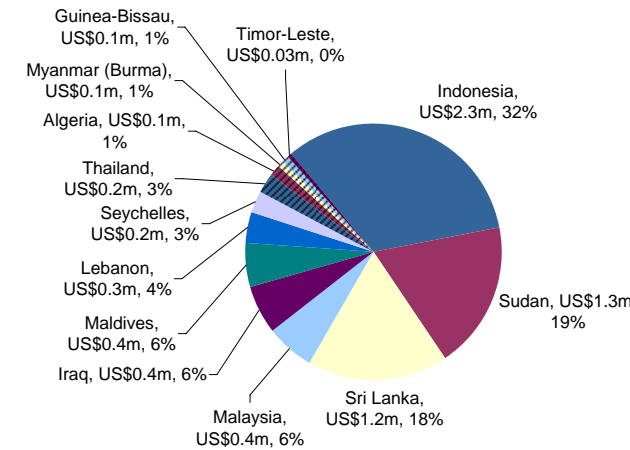
## Portugal's total official humanitarian assistance in 2006 represented 0.3% of the collective DAC donor country total



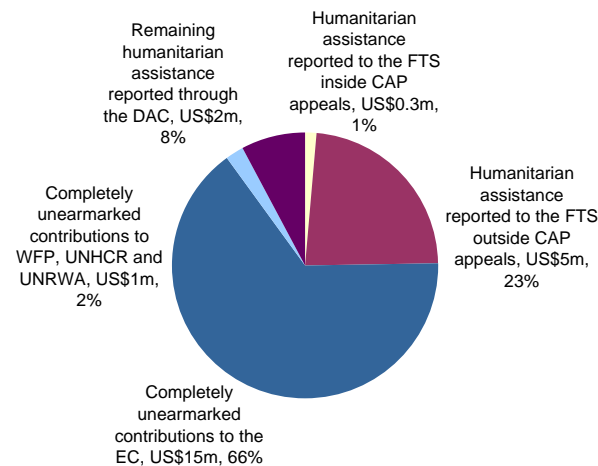
## Portugal channelled 68% of its official humanitarian assistance multilaterally in 2006, compared to 58% in 2005



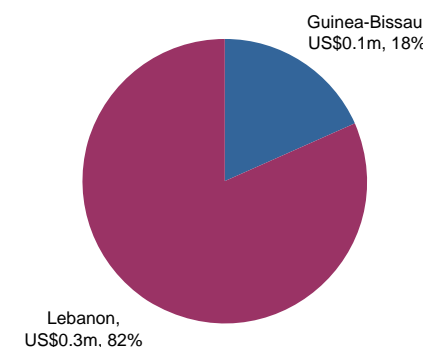
## Portugal allocated 69% of its bilateral humanitarian assistance to three countries in 2006



## 1% of the country's official humanitarian assistance went to priority projects within the UN CAP



## Portugal supported 2 of the 22 UN CAP appeals in 2006



## Where does Portugal spend its bilateral humanitarian assistance?

Portugal reported humanitarian assistance to 13 countries in 2006.

Together, the top three recipients – Indonesia, Sudan and Sri Lanka – received US\$4.8 million (69%) of the country's bilateral humanitarian assistance. The remaining 10 countries received a total of US\$2 million (19%).

*In 2006, the top three recipients of bilateral assistance from DAC countries were Sudan (US\$1.1 billion), Pakistan (US\$321 million) and DRC (US\$299 million). This represented 34% of their joint bilateral assistance.*

## How much is spent through the UN consolidated appeal process (CAP)?

Portugal reported US\$6 million through the UN financial tracking system (FTS) in 2006, which represents 24% of its total official humanitarian assistance expenditure that year.

US\$0.31 million was allocated to priority projects within the CAP appeal. This represents a 1% share of Spain's total official humanitarian assistance in 2006.

*The 22 DAC donor countries contributed US\$5.3 billion to the 22 UN CAP appeals that ran during 2006. This represents 62% of their total official humanitarian assistance for the year. 23% of total official humanitarian assistance was for priority projects within the CAP.*

In 2006, Portugal supported two UN CAP appeals: Lebanon (US\$0.3 million) and Guinea-Bissau (US\$0.1 million).

*In 2006, the top three CAP appeal requirements were for Sudan (US\$1.6 billion), DRC (US\$696 million) and Zimbabwe (US\$426 million). These three appeals were underfunded by 34%, 49% and 36% respectively. By way of comparison, the appeals for Lebanon, Kenya and Timor-Leste received 23%, 5% and 3% more funding respectively than had been requested.*